

### **Review Criteria**

# Georgia Region

DEPARTMENT:	Quality R	esource Management	CRITERIA NUMBER:	No. 03-13
SECTION:	Utilization Management		EFFECTIVE DATE:	3/16/2003
TITLE:	Hama Ov	vene Thereny	LAST REVISION DATE:	8/28/23
	Home Ox	kygen Therapy	NEXT REVISION DATE:	2/28/24
CRITERIA TYPE:	New		PAGE NUMBER:	Page <b>1</b> of <b>10</b>
APPROVAL BODY/ COMMITTEE: Utilization Management Committee				

#### 1.0 **PURPOSE**

This policy provides the indications and contraindications necessary for the Quality Resource Management staff to make the most appropriate decision related to the medical necessity of the procedure listed.

#### 2.0 **DIAGNOSIS/CONDITION**

2.1 E84.9, CM150.9, J47.1-J47.9

#### 3.0 CPT/HCPCS CODES AND DESCRIPTIONS

3.1 Indicators: E1390, E1399, E0424-25; E0430-31; E0433-35; E0439-40; E0443-44

### 4.0 **INDICATIONS**

- 4.1 Physician prescription or clinical documentation are required.
- 4.2 A severe lung disease, such as:
  - chronic obstructive pulmonary disease,
  - diffuse interstitial lung disease,
  - cystic fibrosis, bronchiectasis,
  - chronic oxygen dependance,
  - widespread pulmonary neoplasm,
  - hypoxia-related symptoms or findings that might be expected to improve with oxygen therapy such as:
    - o symptoms and findings of pulmonary hypertension,
    - recurring congestive heart failure due to chronic cor pulmonale, erythrocytosis (HCT > 56),
    - Impairment of the cognitive process, nocturnal restlessness, and morning headache.

DEPARTMENT:	Quality Resource Management	CRITERIA NUMBER:	No.
TITLE:	<insert title=""></insert>	PAGE NUMBER:	Page <b>2</b> of <b>10</b>

- 4.3 The document must include documentation of Hypoxia required (may include any of the following):
  - 4.3.1 A measurement of the partial pressure of oxygen (PO2) in arterial blood or a measurement of arterial oxygen saturation obtained by ear or pulse oximetry.
  - 4.3.2 A greater than normal fall in oxygen level during sleep (a decrease in arterial PO2 more than 10 mm Hg or decrease in arterial oxygen saturation more than 5 percent) associated with symptoms or signs reasonably attributable to hypoxemia (e.g., impairment of cognitive processes and nocturnal restlessness or insomnia).
  - 4.3.3 A pulse ox of < 90% on a 6-minute walk test (6MWT). This may be performed by primary care, pulmonology, or the oxygen clinic. May be performed virtually.
- 4.4 A valid prescription for oxygen must include:
  - The oxygen flow rate
  - An estimate of the frequency, duration of use (e.g., 2 liters per minute, 10 minutes
  - per hour, 12 hours per day), and duration of need (e.g., 6 months or lifetime).
  - The type of oxygen delivery system to be used (i.e., gas, liquid, or concentrator)
  - The means of oxygen delivery (mask, nasal, cannula, etc.),
  - The specifics of any varying flow rates
  - The noncontinuous use of oxygen as appropriate.

#### 4.5 Additional Points:

- 4.5.1 New medical documentation written by the patient's attending physician must be submitted in support of any revised oxygen requirements when there has been a change in the patient's condition and need for oxygen therapy.
- 4.5.2 After 36 months, the oxygen delivery system is not needed for review. Home O2 supplies may be approved annually (member needs at least 1 annual visit with PCP or Pulmonologist).
- 4.5.3 Patients on chronic oxygen therapy require annual reviews to include oxygen saturation with 6-minute walk test, or pulse Ox < 89% on room air.
- 4.5.4 Members on chronic oxygen, that have missed 2 oxygen clinic appointments for recertification will be sent a letter from QRM denying continued oxygen due to lack of clinical information to determine medical necessity. At that time, member may continue to self-pay for oxygen. Member's PCP and pulmonary doctor, if applicable, will be notified via staff message in health connect. (Note: Oxygen is not removed from the members home by vendor until a physician writes a discontinuation order).

DEPARTMENT:	Quality Resource Management	CRITERIA NUMBER:	No.
TITLE:	<insert title=""></insert>	PAGE NUMBER:	Page <b>3</b> of <b>10</b>

- 4.6 Other diagnoses for which short-term use of oxygen has been shown to be beneficial (unrelated to hypoxia), e.g., cluster headaches may be certified as medically necessary on an individual case basis upon medical review:
  - 4.6.1 Cluster headaches that meet the diagnostic criteria used by the International Headache Society to form a definitive diagnosis of CH (see appendix), where the headaches are refractory to prescription medications.
  - 4.6.2 Hemoglobinopathies. Self-administration of adjunctive short-term oxygen therapy in the outpatient setting has been shown to be beneficial and reduce hospitalizations in individuals with hemoglobinopathies, such as hemoglobin sickle cell disease, during vaso-occlusive crisis exacerbated by hypoxia.
  - 4.6.3 Infants with BPD may have variable oxygen needs, thus, consideration on a case-by-case basis may be required in the absence of documentation of otherwise qualifying oxygen saturation values.

#### 4.7 Noncovered – Uses of Oxygen

- 4.7.1 Angina pectoris in the absence of hypoxemia. This condition is generally not the result of a low oxygen level in the blood, and there are other preferred treatments.
- 4.7.2 Breathlessness without cor pulmonale or evidence of hypoxemia. Although intermittent oxygen use is sometimes prescribed to relieve this condition; it is potentially harmful and psychologically addicting.
- 4.7.3 Severe peripheral vascular disease resulting in clinically evident desaturation in one or more extremities. There is no evidence that increased PO2 improves the oxygenation of tissues with impaired circulation.
- 4.7.4 Terminal illnesses that do not affect the lungs.
- 4.8 Requirements for a portable oxygen system
  - 4.8.1 A patient may qualify for coverage of a portable oxygen system to use in addition to a stationary oxygen system.
  - 4.8.2 A portable oxygen system is covered for a particular patient if:
    - 4.8.2.1 The requirements for oxygen use as above have been met.
    - 4.8.2.2 The medical documentation indicates that the patient is mobile in the home and would benefit from the use of a portable oxygen system in the home.
      - 4.8.2.2.1 Portable oxygen systems are not covered for patients who qualify for oxygen solely based on blood gas studies obtained during sleep.

DEPARTMENT:	Quality Resource Management	CRITERIA NUMBER:	No.
TITLE:	<insert title=""></insert>	PAGE NUMBER:	Page <b>4</b> of <b>10</b>

4.9 A liquid oxygen system is not available in GA.

#### 5.0 **CONTRAINDICATIONS**

- 5.1 A second oxygen tank (spare tank) is considered not medically necessary, except in instances where the member is dependent on continuous oxygen. A single oxygen tank may be considered medically necessary for a person who is dependent on an oxygen concentrator.
- 5.2 Emergency or standby oxygen systems are considered not medically necessary.
- 5.3 Duplicate oxygen systems are considered convenience items and not medically necessary. Members may have a stationary (E1390) and portable (E1392) oxygen concentrator, but not another portable system (E0433 with E0434; and, K0738 with E0431)

### 6.0 Portable Oxygen Concentrator Criteria

- 6.1 Portable Oxygen Concentrators: Portable oxygen concentrators systems are considered medically necessary as an alternative to ambulatory oxygen systems for members who meet both of the following criteria:
  - 6.1.1 Member meets criteria for ambulatory oxygen systems (see above); and one of the following:
  - 6.1.2 Member is regularly (at least monthly) away from home for durations that exceed the capacity of ambulatory oxygen systems.
  - 6.1.3 Member is on > 2 pulse O2 (or 2 L or more continuous O2)
  - 6.1.4 Member has severe problems with dexterity and is unable to utilize portable tanks (ie documented severe rheumatoid or osteoarthritis)
- 6.2 A POC for travel is considered a convenience item and is not a covered benefit.

### 7.0 Oxygen Delivery Systems- Excerpt for Aetna Coverage:

- 7.1 **Stationary:** Oxygen concentrators that are designed for stationary use.
  - 7.1.1 Considered medically necessary for members who do not regularly go beyond the limits of a stationary oxygen delivery system with a 50-ft tubing or those who use oxygen only during sleep.
- 7.2 **Portable:** Systems that weigh 10 lbs or more and are designed to be transported but not easily carried by the member, e.g., a steel cylinder attached to wheels ("stroller").

DEPARTMENT:	Quality Resource Management	CRITERIA NUMBER:	No.
TITLE:	<insert title=""></insert>	PAGE NUMBER:	Page <b>5</b> of <b>10</b>

- 7.2.1 Considered medically necessary for members who occasionally go beyond the limits of a stationary oxygen delivery system with 50-ft tubing for less than 2 hours per day for most days of the week (minimum 2 hours/week).
- 7.3 **Ambulatory:** Systems that weigh less than 10 lbs when filled with oxygen, are designed to be carried by the member, and will last for 4 hours at a flow equivalent to 2 L/min continuous flow, e.g., liquid refillable units and aluminum or fiber wrapped light-weight cylinders, with or without oxygen conserving devices.
  - 7.3.1 Considered medically necessary for members who regularly go beyond the limits of a stationary oxygen delivery system with a 50-ft tubing for 2 hours or more per day and for most days of the week (minimum 6 hours/week).
  - 7.3.2 Prescription based on the activity status of the member; the appropriate oxygen delivery system will be delivered.

#### 8.0 **REFERENCES**

- 8.1 CMS Manual: 240.2 Home Use of Oxygen (Rev. 1, 10-03-03) CIM 60-4
- 8.2 Aetna CPB- Oxygen May 2016, 3/2017, 1/2019

## Reviewed By/Approved By

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DEPARTMENT:	Quality Resource Management	CRITERIA NUMBER:	No.
TITLE:	<insert title=""></insert>	PAGE NUMBER:	Page <b>6</b> of <b>10</b>

DEPARTMENT:	Quality Resource Management	CRITERIA NUMBER:	No.
TITLE:	<insert title=""></insert>	PAGE NUMBER:	Page <b>7</b> of <b>10</b>

DEPARTMENT:	Quality Resource Management	CRITERIA NUMBER:	No.
TITLE:	<insert title=""></insert>	PAGE NUMBER:	Page <b>8</b> of <b>10</b>

DEPARTMENT:	Quality Resource Management	CRITERIA NUMBER:	No.
TITLE:	<insert title=""></insert>	PAGE NUMBER:	Page <b>9</b> of <b>10</b>

DEPARTMENT:	Quality Resource Management	CRITERIA NUMBER:	No.
TITLE:	<insert title=""></insert>	PAGE NUMBER:	Page <b>10</b> of <b>10</b>